

**2025 Raymond High School
Youth Risk Behavior Survey
Raymond, NH**

Prepared by

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August 2025

Methodology

For the town of Raymond NH, the Youth Risk Behaviors Survey (YRBS) was administered to students at the High School (grades 9-12) by school faculty and staff during March 2025.

Administration Procedures

Rather than randomly selecting individual students to participate in the YRBS, the survey was given to the entire population of the High School. In other words, all students in grades 9 through 12 in attendance on the date of survey administration, who agreed to participate in this survey, were administered the survey. The survey was administered during a regularly scheduled class time. Participation was strictly voluntarily and all surveys were completed anonymously; there was no information contained in the survey that could personally identify survey responses to a known student. Individual students were given the option of not participating in the YRBS, and these students returned a blank survey (i.e., there were no responses to any questions).

There were a total of 331 students enrolled in the High School during the second half of the 2024-2025 academic year. The YRBS was administered on March 4, 2025. Of the enrolled students, 56 students were absent from their classes.¹ Seven students opted not to take the survey.² After accounting for absences and opting out of the survey, there were 268 students eligible to take the survey. This accounts for 81% of the student population at Raymond High School.

Data Quality

After examining the survey data, 7 surveys were removed from the dataset due to a high number of missing responses. Under the current CDC guidelines, surveys with more than 20% of the overall answers missing (i.e., 21 or more missing answers) must be removed from the dataset (Brener et al., 2004). Removing these surveys reduced the dataset by 2.6% (from 268 students to 261 students).

Data further analyzed for discrepancies in answers or logically inconsistent responses. As an example scenario, a student would respond that they had never smoked a cigarette but then answer that they had smoked at least one cigarette in the past 30 days. If such an instance occurred, the student responses across the category would be re-coded to missing per CDC guidelines. With enough re-coded answers to missing, some additional surveys could be removed from the dataset. There was no substantial effect on survey completion due to discrepancies in answers or logically inconsistent responses. Thus, the 2025 YRBS captured approximately 79% of students at Raymond High School.

¹ These absences can include excused absences, unexcused absences, and students who attend educational components outside the high school (e.g., Seacoast school of Technology). This information comes from Raymond High School, as reported through Celeste Clark (Executive Director of Raymond Coalition for Youth) on August 8, 2025.

² This information was documented by either by the teachers in the classrooms as part of administration of the YRBS or the students submitted a blank survey (implied that they refused to take survey). Documentation from each classroom included the number of students enrolled in the class, the number of students who finished the survey, the number of students absent, and if any student opted not to take the survey.

Students are not required to complete the survey. Therefore, not all students answered every question on the survey. In interpreting the results, missing responses need to be taken into consideration. Specifically, there may be some variation across the different items, creating differentials in the percentages. For this High School survey, the questions on lifetime and past 30 use of cocaine hold a slight discrepancy in percentages due to missing responses for lifetime cocaine use. This is marked by a double asterisk (**) in this report. Although there were missing responses, as well as missing responses to other questions, this had no impact on the overall completion rate of the surveys.

Comparison to 2023 YRBS

All items on the YRBS were pre-developed, pre-approved questions from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention database to conform strictly with New Hampshire laws. Any item with a single asterisk (*) does not have a 2023 comparison or cannot be compared to previous year items due to changes in the wording of the question/response categories or because those items were not reported.

Percentages colored in green indicate a positive reduction or increase over the 2023 data (i.e., desired results from preventative efforts). Percentages colored in red indicate a negative reduction or increase (i.e., areas needing attention for preventative efforts).

Demographic Data

Age	Frequency	Percent
12 years old or younger	1	0.4
13 years old	1	0.4
14 years old	25	9.7
15 years old	70	27.1
16 years old	71	27.5
17 years old	58	22.5
18 years old or older	30	11.6
Total	256	99.2

Sex	Frequency	Percent
Female	128	49.6
Male	127	49.2
Total	255	98.8

Grade Level	Frequency	Percent
9 th grade	61	23.6
10 th grade	64	24.8
11 th grade	72	27.9
12 th grade	52	20.2
Ungraded/other	5	1.9
Total	254	98.4

Hispanic	Frequency	Percent
No	220	85.3
yes	31	12.0
Total	251	97.3

Race	Frequency	Percent
Students of color	39	15.1
White	212	82.2
Total	251	97.3

Data by topic**Sexual Behavior**

	Frequency	Percent
Students who have had sexual intercourse (n=246)	96	37.2
Students who have had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (n=246)	15	5.8
Students who have had sexual intercourse with 2 people or more people (n=244)	15	5.8
Students, or their partners, who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (n=239)	51	19.8
Students, or their partners, who used no method of control to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse (n=238)	9	3.5
Students, or their partners, who used birth control pills to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse (n=238)	27	10.5
Students, or their partners, who used condoms to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse (n=238)	25	9.7
Students, or their partners, who used an IUD or implant to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse (n=238)	11	4.3
Students, or their partners, who used a shot to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse (n=238)	5	1.9
Students, or their partners, who used withdrawal or some other method to prevent pregnancy during last sexual intercourse (n=238)	6	2.3
Students who drank alcohol or used drugs before having sexual intercourse (n=238)	18	7.0
Students who had you ever been taught about sexually transmitted diseases in school (n=254)	210	81.3

Safety

	Frequency	Percent
Students who most of the time or always wore a seat belt when driving a car (n=163)	114	50.8
Students who most of the time or always wore a seat belt when riding in a car (n=254)	213	82.6
Students who rode in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol during the past 30 days (n=254)	54	8.9
Students who rode in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had used marijuana during the past 30 days (n=256)	75	29.0
Students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol one or more times during the past 30 days (n=228)	13	5.1
Students who texted while driving a car or other vehicle one or more times during the past 30 days (n=230)	79	30.6
Students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had used marijuana one or more times during the past 30 days (n=229)	29	11.3
Students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on your way to or from school one or more times during the past 30 days (n=256)	42	16.3
Students who were in a physical fight in which they were injured and had to be treated by a doctor or nurse one or more times during the past 12 months (n=254)	12	5.0
Students who were in a physical fight on school property one or more times during the past 12 months (n=256)	28	10.8
Students who were physically forced to have sexual intercourse (n=255)	36	14.0
Students who were physically hurt on purpose by someone they dated during the past 12 months (n=235)	16	6.2
Students who were forced to do sexual things that they did not want to do by someone they dated during the past 12 months (n=251)	20	11.3
Students who experienced an unwanted sexual advance because of another student's drinking or drug use during the past 12 months (n=255)	23	8.9
Students who have been bullied on school property during the past 12 months (n=253)	56	24.8
Students who have been electronically bullied during the past 12 months (n=255)	48	18.6
Students who have lived with a parent or guardian who was having a problem with alcohol or drug use (n=255)*	116	44.9

Self-Injury and Suicide

	Frequency	Percent
Students who felt so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that they stopped doing some usual activities (n=257)	109	42.2
Students who have seriously considered suicide during the past 12 months (n=254)	58	22.5
Students who have attempted suicide during the past 12 months (n=254)	31	12.0
Students who attempted suicide and the attempt resulted in injury that needed to be treated medically during the past 12 months (n=251)	10	3.9

Supports

	Frequency	Percent
Students who agree or strongly agree they had parents or other adults in your family have clear rules and consequences for your behavior (n=254)*	196	76.0
Students who have had at least one parent they talked with about the dangers of tobacco, alcohol, or drug use during the past 12 months (n=255)	120	46.5
Students who agree or strongly agree that they feel like they matter to people in their community (n=251)	171	66.3
Students who have at least one teacher or other adult in school that they can talk to if they have a problem (n=252)*	191	74.1
Students who have parents or other adults in their family who know where they are going or with whom they will be most of the time or always (n=256)*	203	78.7
Students who have an adult in their household who tried hard to make sure their basic needs were met most of the time or always (n= 255)*	221	85.7

Electronic Vapor Use

	Frequency	Percent
Students who have used an electronic vapor product (n=256)	96	37.2
Students who used an electronic vapor product on one or more of the past 30 days (n=256)	67	25.9
Students who used an electronic vapor product on one or more of the past 30 days on school property (n=254)	18	14.7
Students who used an electronic vapor product during the past 12 months and tried to quit (n=240)	33	12.8

Electronic Vapor Use

- Perception of Harm, Perception of Wrongness, Ease of Access

	Frequency	Percent
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they used an electronic vapor product every day (n=257)	205	79.4
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to use an electronic vapor product (n=254)	127	49.2
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to use an electronic vapor product (n=256)	209	81.0
Students who think it would be easy or very easy to get an electronic vapor product (n=257)	161	62.4

Tobacco Use

	Frequency	Percent
Students who smoked a whole cigarette for the first time before age 13 years (n=251)	21	8.2
Students who smoked cigarettes on one or more of the past 30 days (n=253)	18	5.8
Students who smoked cigarettes daily (n=249)	15	3.8
Students who tried to quit smoking in the past 12 months (n=246)	11	4.2
Students who used chewing tobacco, snuff, or dip, on one or more of the past 30 days (n=254)	44	17.0

Tobacco - Perception of Harm, Perception of Wrongness, Ease of Access

	Frequency	Percent
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they smoke one or more packs of cigarettes per day (n=255)	203	78.6
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to smoke cigarettes (n=255)	141	54.6
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to smoke tobacco (n=256)	210	81.4
Students who think it would be easy or very easy to get some cigarettes (n=256)	113	43.8

Alcohol Use

	Frequency	Percent
Students who had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more days in their life (n=250)	125	48.4
Students who had their first drink of alcohol other than a few sips before age 13 years (n=245)	51	19.8
Students who had at least one drink of alcohol on one or more days during the past 30 days (n=249)	51	19.8
Students who had 5 or more drinks in a row within a couple of hours during the past 30 days (n=250)	45	17.4

Alcohol - Perception of Harm, Perception of Wrongness, Access

	Frequency	Percent
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they have five or more drinks of an alcoholic beverage each week (n=256)	204	79.0
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to drink alcohol nearly everyday (n=253)	155	60.1
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to drink alcohol nearly everyday (n=256)	210	81.4
Students who think it would be easy or very easy to get alcohol (n=258)	53	20.6

Marijuana Use

	Frequency	Percent
Students who used marijuana one or more times during their life (n=250)	91	35.3
Students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years (n=250)	25	9.7
Students who used marijuana one or more times during the past 30 days (n=249)	66	25.6
Students who used marijuana during the past 30 days via: (n=250)*		
• smoked it in a joint, bong, pipe, or blunt	19	7.4
• ate it in food such as brownies, cakes, cookies, or candy	2	0.8
• drank it in tea, cola, alcohol, or other drinks	1	0.4
• vaporized it	26	10.1
• used it some other way	3	1.2
• combined methods	14	5.4

* The wording of this question was not the same in the 2023 YRBS.

Marijuana – Perception of Harm, Perception of Wrongness, Ease of Acquisition

	Frequency	Percent
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they use marijuana once or twice a week (n=257)	176	69.4
Students who think it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age use marijuana (n=256)	145	56.2
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age used marijuana (n=256)	126	48.8
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong for them to use marijuana (n=255)	188	72.9
Students who think it would be easy or very easy to get some marijuana (n=257)	123	47.7

Drug Use (other than Tobacco, Alcohol, or Marijuana)

	Frequency	Percent
Students who used synthetic marijuana one or more times during their life (n=256)	20	7.7
Students who have sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high one or more times during their life (n=256)	37	14.3
Students who used any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase one or more times during their life (n=254)**	13	5.0
Students who used any form of cocaine, including powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during the past 30 days (n=256)**	14	5.4
Students who used methamphetamines one or more times during their life (n=257)	14	5.4
Students who used methamphetamines one or more times during the past 30 days (n=256)	14	5.4
Students who used heroin one or more times during their life (n=257)	15	5.9
Students who used heroin one or more times during the past 30 Days (n=258)	14	5.4
Students who have taken a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told you to use it during their life (n=256)	22	8.5
Students who have taken a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told you to use it during the past 30 days (n=258)	11	4.3
Students who have used any other type of illegal drug during their life* (n=256)	29	11.2
Students who were offered, sold, or given you an illegal drug on school property during the past 12 months (n=254)	47	18.2

**Drug Use –
Perception of Harm, Perception of Wrongness, Ease of Acquisition**

	Frequency	Percent
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they try take a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription (n=258)	202	78.2
Students who feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age took a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription (n=255)	211	81.8
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age took a prescription drug without a doctor's Prescription (n=255)	198	76.8
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age took a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription (n=256)	221	85.7
Students who think it would be easy or very easy to get a prescription drug without a doctor's prescription (n=255)	47	18.2
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they use methamphetamines (n=257)	200	77.5
Students who feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age used methamphetamines (n=255)	213	82.6
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they use methamphetamines (n=255)	208	80.6
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they use methamphetamines (n=257)	226	87.6
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they use heroin (n=255)	203	78.6
Students who feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they use heroin (n=256)	219	84.9
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they use heroin (n=255)	211	81.8
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they use heroin (n=256)	228	88.4
Students who think people are at risk to themselves, physically or in other ways, if they take a prescription pain drug without a doctor's prescription (n=258)	197	76.3
Students who feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they take a prescription pain drug without a doctor's prescription* (n=256)	210	81.4
Students whose friends feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age if they take a prescription pain drug without a doctor's prescription (n=253)	195	75.6
Students whose parents feel it is wrong or very wrong if someone their age take a prescription pain drug without a doctor's prescription (n=257)	225	87.2